

AMIS Plus

The Future of AMIS Plus

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AMIS Plus 25th Anniversary



AMIS Plus Symposium Friday, 2 June 2023 Kreuz Bern Modern City Hotel, Zeughausgasse 41, 3011 Berne



Is there a future need for a prospective registry on myocardial infarction in Switzerland?

If yes, which one?





THE HISTORICAL ... AMIS Plus - National Registry of Acute Myocardial Infarction in Switzerland

The AMIS Plus national registry collects and analyzes data on patients with acute myocardial infarction in Switzerland in the **pre-admission**, **hospital and follow-up phases**. Emphasis is placed on the evaluation of **risk factors**, **diagnostics**, **urgent therapy strategies and treatment**.

AMIS Plus data are important for quality assurance, assessing guidelines, improving compliance with guidelines in clinical practice, verifying whether results of randomized clinical trials are translatable into everyday clinical practice, investigating patient groups not extensively studied in large randomized trials and improving therapeutic strategies.

Pre-hospital Admission Treatment Discharge/30 day 12 months



> 70'000 pts

> 15'000 FU

> > 380 variables



94 publications

140 abstracts

AMIS Plus - National Registry of Acute **Myocardial Infarction in Switzerland**

Detaile For THE MEDICAL COMMMUNITY

AN IMMENSE CONTRIBUTION FOR THE MEDICAL COMMMUNITY

Score calculation

HAS AMIS+ COMPLETED HIS HISTORICAL MISSION?



PROBABLY YES



2023



Is there a future need for a prospective registry on myocardial infarction in Switzerland?

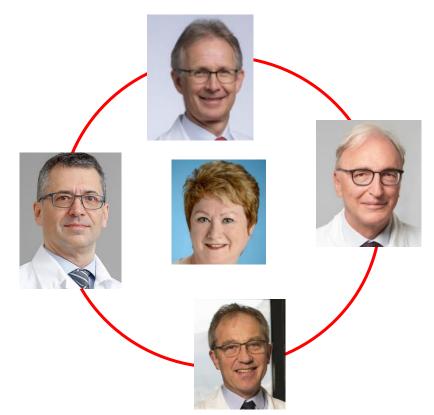
If yes, which one?





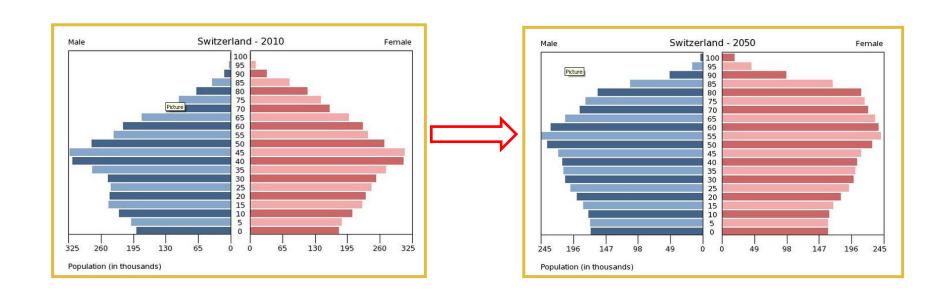
Is there a future need for a prospective registry on myocardial infarction in Switzerland?







POPULATION PROJECTION IN SWITZERLAND 2050





PREDICTED SURVIVAL IN SWITZERLAND ACCORDING TO AGE

	1998	2008	2021
At birth			
Men	76.3	79.7	81.7
Women	82.5	84.4	85.4
At the age of 65			
Men	16.5	18.7	19.9
Women	20.6	22.0	22.7
At the age of 80			
Men	7.1	8.3	8.4
Women	9.1	10.0	10.1



MORTALITY AFTER MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION

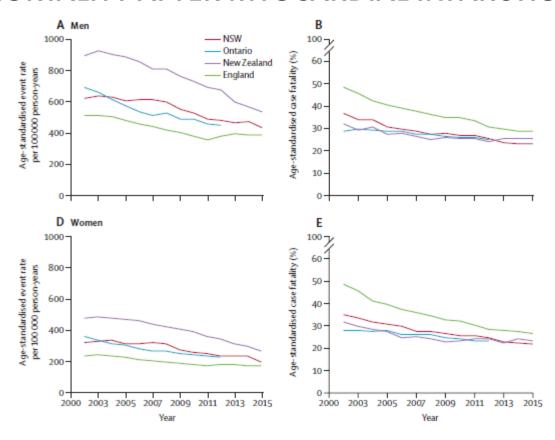
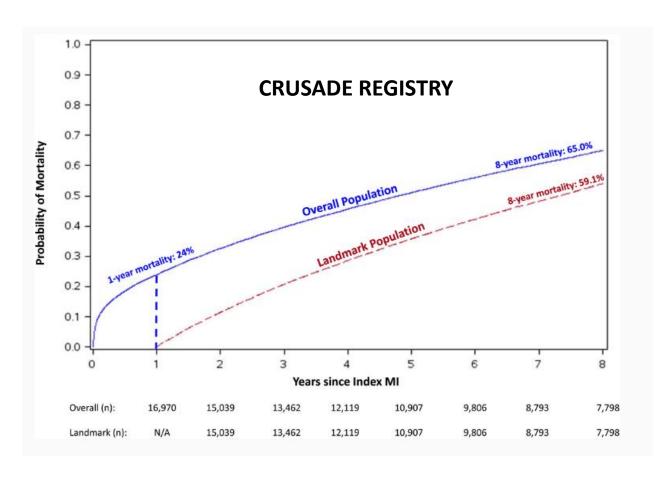


Figure 2 Annual age-standardised myocardial infarction event rates in men (A) and women (D), case fatality in men (B) and women (E), and mortality rates in men (C) and women (F) aged 30 years or older, 2002–15

Lancet: VOLUME 7, ISSUE 3, E229-E239, MARCH 2022



LONG TERM MORTALITY AFTER MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION

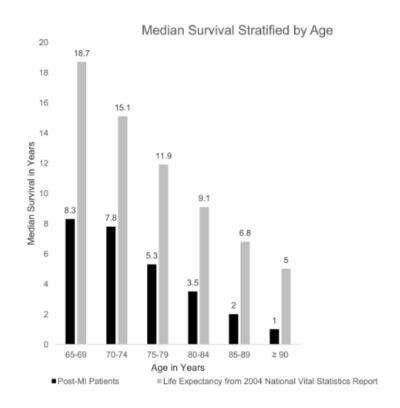


Journal of the American Heart Association. 2018;7:e007230



LONG TERM MORTALITY AFTER MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION

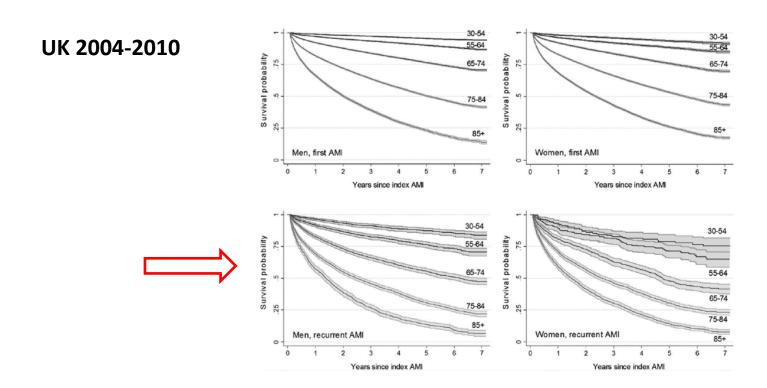
CRUSADE REGISTRY



Journal of the American Heart Association. 2018;7:e007230



MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION: A PROGRESSIVE DISEASE



Circulation Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes. 2012;5:532-540

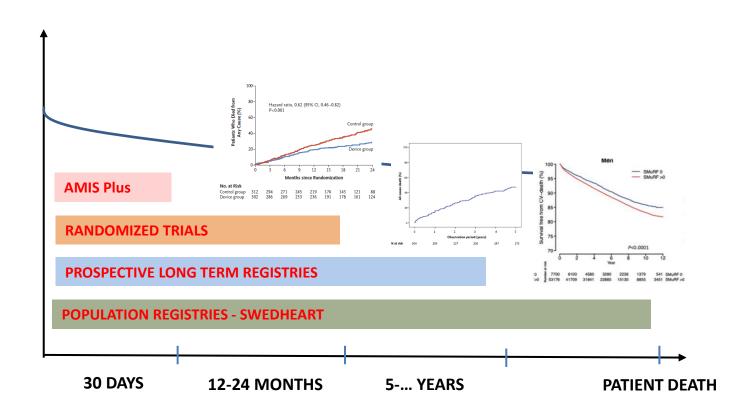


WHY IS LONG TERM PATIENT'S SURVIVAL ESSENTIAL FOR A MODERN REGISTRY

- Explore patient survival beyond the conventionally predicted time frame
- Allows predictive comparison with the general population, thus assessing the impact of treatment for different groups/subgroups
- Extends prediction of further potentially beneficial treatments (secondary prevention, lifestyle, long-term statins...) to the out-of-hospital period
- Can be linked to other national registers/databases (Network data)
- Provides a range of additional information that may be useful for the medical community but also for other stakeholders (health care system, politics, medical companies)



ABOUT LONG-TERM MORTALITY

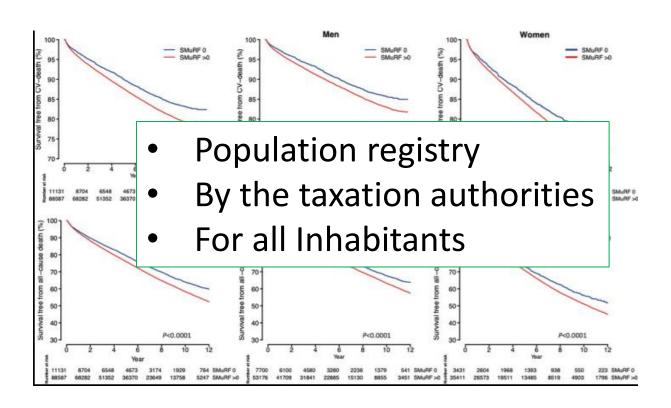


The longer the survival (lower the mortality) of a specific treatment, the more difficult it will be to assess its survival benefit

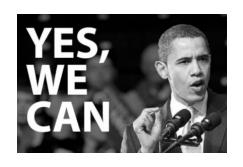
Mortality and Cardiovascular Outcomes in Patients Presenting With Non-ST Elevation Myocardial Infarction Despite No Standard Modifiable Risk Factors: Results From the SWEDEHEART Registry



THE EXEMPLE OF THE SWEDHEART REGISTRY



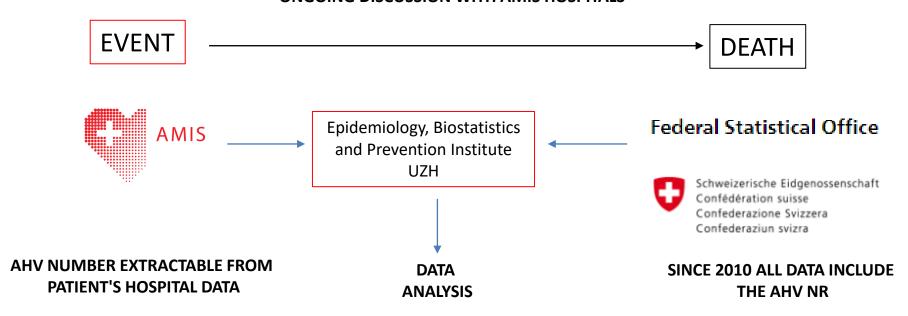
J Am Heart Assoc 2022 Aug 2;11 (15) e024818





WHAT ABOUT SWITZERLAND? CAN WE REPLICATE THE SWEDISH MODEL?

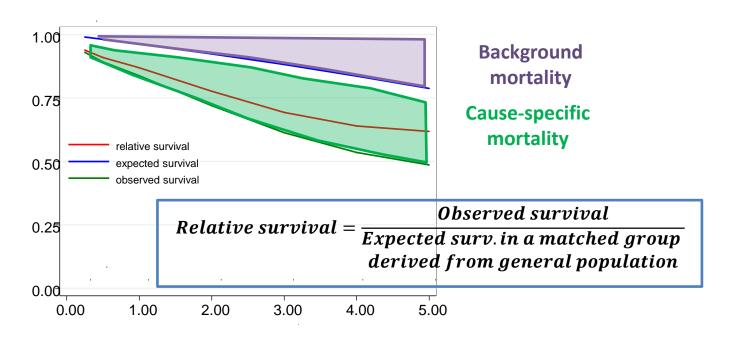
ONGOING EVALUATION BY ETHICAL COMITEE ONGOING DISCUSSION WITH AMIS HOSPITALS





ABOUT SURVIVAL

THE CONCEPT VALUE OF RELATIVE SURVIVAL



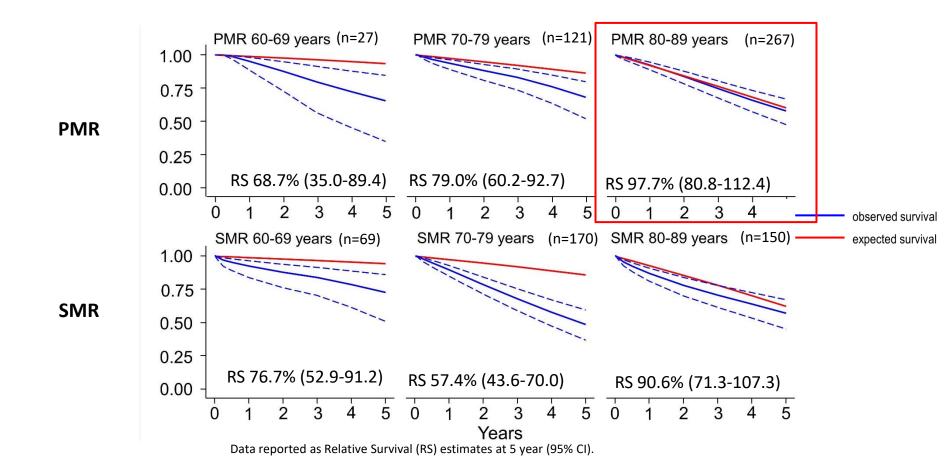
Relative survival:

- 1. estimates a cause-specific (MI specific) survival estimates even when detailed data from death certificates are not available.
- quantifies the impact of a specific disease/treatment (Primary PCI, long term DAPT, PCSK9 inhibitors,....) on patient's predicted life expectancy.



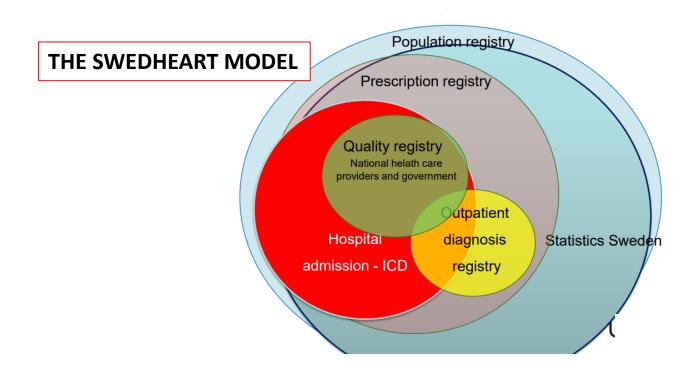


THE EXAMPLE OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER ON THE MITRACLIP





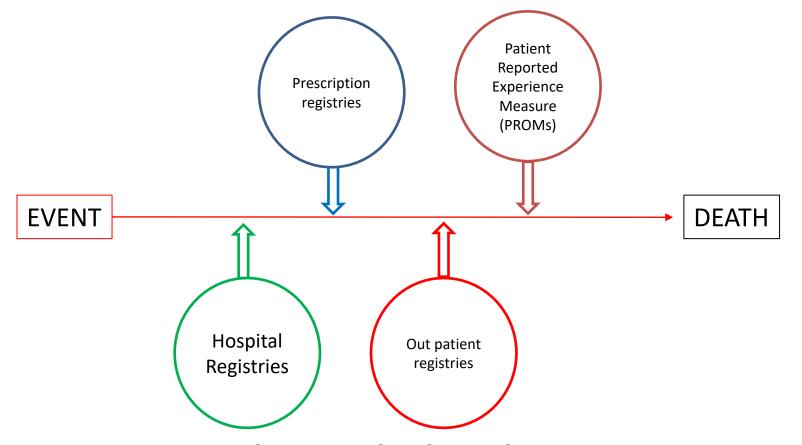
THE DREAM OF AN INTEGRATED NATIONAL MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION DATA NETWORK







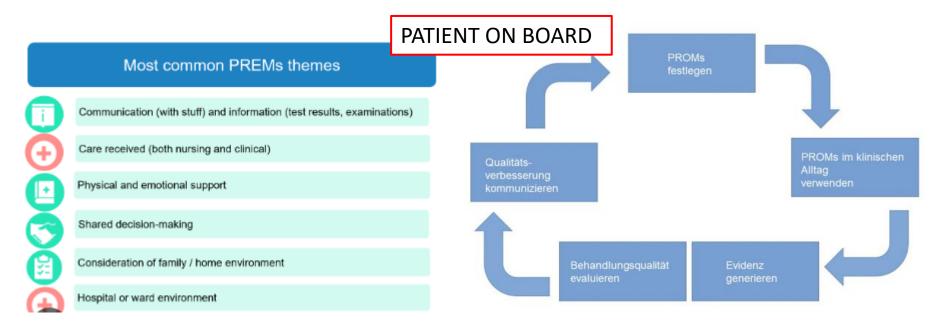
A GREAT POTENTIAL AHEAD OF US



NATIONAL NETWORK OF INTEGRATED DATA



A GREAT POTENTIAL AHEAD OF US



PREMs

(Patient reported experience measures)

PROMs

(Patient reported experience measures

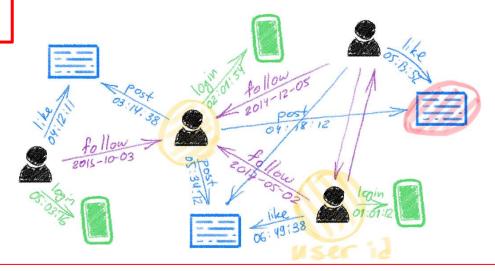
Schweiz Ärzteztg. 2018;99(40):1348-1352



A GREAT POTENTIAL AHEAD OF US

- > 70'000 pts
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ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE ANALYSIS



Patient attributes are rich and

Heterogeneous (signal, numeric, categoric)

Graph clustering

Transfer graphs to other populations



In conclusion....

- The AMIS Plus Registry has rendered an immense service to the community but, in this form, it has probably completed his historical mission
- We strongly believe that there is still a need for a prospective registry on myocardial infarction but in a new form adapted to the current epidemiological necessities
- By linking our data with those of the Federal Statistical Office, we can create the fertile ground for building an integrated network with high potential for analysis that meets the needs of the medical community (mortality, relative mortality, treatment effectiveness), the health care system (quality and health cost analysis), industry (relative effectiveness of various therapeutic measures), and numerous other stakeholders.





TEAM MENTALITY LIKE THE ALL BLACKS



In conclusion....

Is there a future need for a prospective registry on myocardial infarction in Switzerland?



YES, DEFINITELY



WELCOME ABOARD OUR NEW JOURNEY INTO THE FUTURE